Tales of the End: A Study of the Book of Revelation

Session 14: The Last Word On Judgement **Scripture:** Revelation 15-18

How Long?

- The pages of scripture are filled with the question how long before judgement and <u>-</u> arrive.
- > The call for judgement arrives at a climax in ______.
- > Rather than a concern, it is a CRY!
- people want relief.
- > Bullied people want fairness.
- > Those pushed around want dignity.
- Desire for judgement develops as people ______ for it.
- > John's Pastoral Method: Not balm, not understanding.
- He adds _____ intensifies the waiting.
- The cry of how long leads to _____
- Worship provides the context for believing in ______. while experiencing injustice.
- > The Long-delayed judgement arrives in the shape of worship (15:1-8)

<u>Overview</u>

- > John has created an ever-progression set of panels to display God's
- Each panel offers a different vantage ______, stressing different features.
- Central truth of them all: God ______ and overrules in the affairs of humanity.
- ≻ C 6 7 Seals
- > C.8-9: 7 Trumpets
- C15-16: 7 bowls of God's _____.
- > 7 Bowls described as 7 plagues.
- > With these plagues the "______ of God is ended (15:1)."

Revelation 15

- > John portrays the safety of those who have conquered the beast (15:2).
- Safety leads to _____.
- > Song of Moses After Crossing the Red Sea (Ex15)
- > Confidence in God leads to _____.

- In Rev. 15:3-4 echoes of this confidence reside in the _____ of faith. > No Mention of the people of faith's victory. Trust in God's greatest and _____ > After this worship, angels arrive with bowls of God's **Revelation 16** > Wrath/destruction directed against those who had the mark of the and worshipped its image. > Throughout chapter, the ______ of God's wrath are emptied. Repeatedly speaks to a lack of ______ – showing one's true allegiance. > Rather than literal bowls of ______ – key idea is intense calamity and terror. > The ______ of God brings judgement on individuals and nations that violate God's structure. > John repeats through these images his central conviction: God and overrules in the affairs of the church and world. > John's motive for repetition of woes: To prepare the ______ for a period of suffering. > This is grim honesty from a pastor who loves them. Conscious of the calamities that await, the _____ must prepare to meet them undaunted. once again remains key to survival. > John makes room for worship – for songs of praise – throughout each section of hardships. John uses these foul-mouthed frogs to assemble the kings of the world for a Besides number ______, Armageddon is probably the most wellknown word/image from Revelation. > No one knows what the word Armageddon means, or the way to spell it. Most scholars suppose it alludes to the _____ of Megiddo. > This ancient city sat at a mountain pass that opened onto a large
 - Many ancient battles between the Philistines and ______ were fought here.
 - John is using familiar language a final conflict between good and evil where evil is defeated by God's Word – Jesus Christ.
 - In Revelation, Babylon = _____.

- > Treason to speak negatively of Rome.
- > Babylon represented for the Hebrews all that was wicked.

Revelation 17-18

- "Literary triumph of imaginative _____."
- > Alludes to the many ways Christians have been martyred by the leaders of
- C. 18 describes the ______ of Rome with a poem for the fallen.
- Chapter 18 ends with a climax of haunting end to the _____
- > Rome is destroyed because of the blood of the saints.
- > Written hundreds of years before it's defeat in 410

Conclusion

- John wrote to stimulate ______ in persecuted Christians in 1st Century.
- > John assures them and us of the ultimate ______ in Christ.
- Warning for all who elevate material abundance, imperial grandeur, racial pride or anything else over Jesus.
- Revelation speaks to God's ______ and the timeliness of God's judgement over us all.
- God's ______ will arrive even as we continue to cry "How long?"